

Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) COMMUNITY SITUATION REPORT

FNHA Public Health Response

June 10, 2021

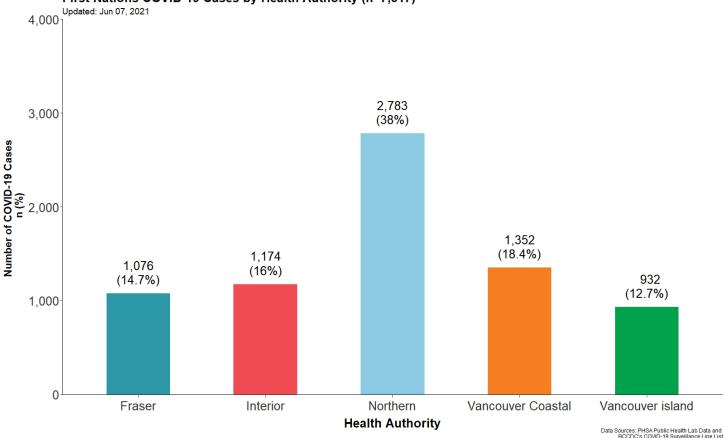
Changes from the previous Community Situation Report are in red.

COVID-19 Updates

First Nations Cases in BC

As of June 7, 2021

- There have been a total of 7,331 First Nations COVID-19 cases (7,146 lab diagnosed cases and 185 epi-linked cases). This is an increase of 31 cases since the last published report.
- Out of the total 7,331 cases, 3,115 (42.5%) are in or near community; 4,068 (55.5%) are off reserve. As geographical information is not available, information on in or near community/off reserve is not available for 148 (2.0%) cases.
- There are 63 active First Nations COVID-19 cases; 20 (31.7%) of the active cases are in or near community and 42 (66.7%) are off reserve. Information on in or near community/off reserve is not available for 1 active case.
- Sadly, there have been total 132 COVID-19 related deaths reported among First Nations living in BC since the beginning of the pandemic. Two additional deaths are reported since the last published report.
- There have been a total 793 (10.8%) First Nations people hospitalized due to COVID-19 since March 1, 2020. Of these 353 hospitalizations are individuals who live in or near community and 438 off reserve. Information on in or near community/off reserve is not available for 2 cases.



*Total number of cases (n=7,331) includes six (6) COVID-19 cases reported as residents of Yukon, one (1) case reported as "Out of Canada" resident and seven (7) cases reported as "Out of BC – Alberta" residents. Above figure provides regional distribution of COVID-19 cases (n=7,317) reported as BC residents.

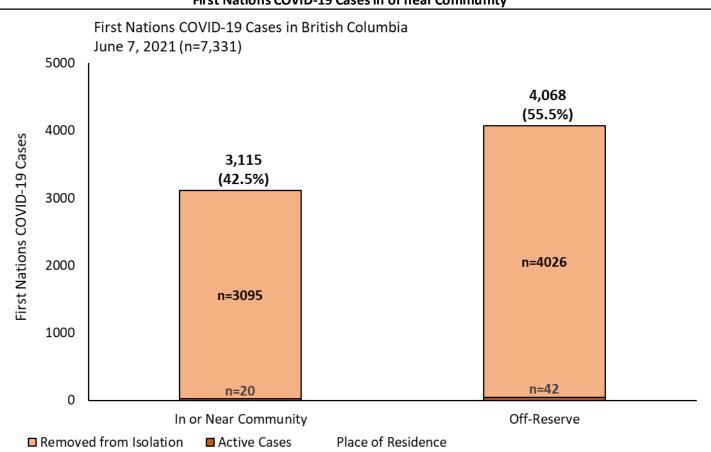
First Nations COVID-19 Cases by Health Authority (n=7,317)

	Fraser Salish	Interior	Northern	Vancouver Coastal	Vancouver Island	Total N (%)
Active First Nations COVID-19 cases ^a	17	11	19	15	0	63
Total persons tested ^b	9,517	9,516	11,434	8,740	9,137	48,376
Cumulative percentage positivity (%) (Feb, 2020 to June 7, 2021)	6.9%	8.5%	16.8%	9.1%	7.3%	9.9%
Percentage positivity (%) over the past week (June 1 to June 7, 2021)	4.5%	4.6%	9.2%	11.9%	0.0%	6.1%
Testing rate (total tests per 100,000 First Nations people)	63,659.6	43,615.0	40,687.6	67,009.6	37,388.8	47,928.3

Regional Active cases and Testing data as of June 7, 2021

^a Algorithm to define people who are removed from isolation is updated on February 5, 2021 to reflect change adopted by PHSA. Updated algorithm assigns cases who are lost to follow up and whose surveillance date (reported date and if not available then result date)>=20 days before the line list case dataset date to "removed from isolation." Information about RHA of residence is not available for 1 active case.

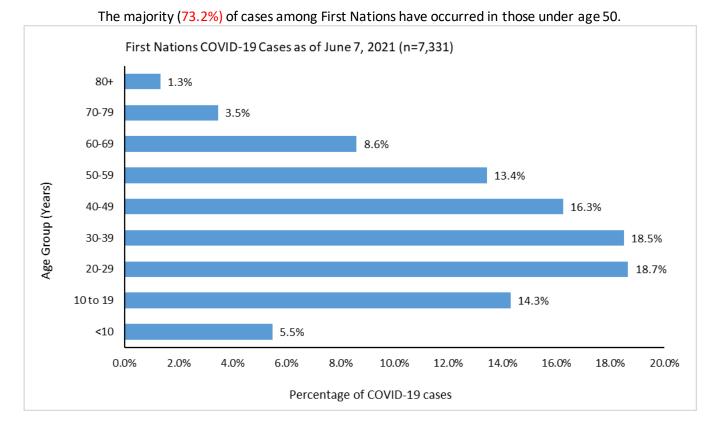
^b Geographical Information (RHAs) for 32 BC First Nationspeople who are tested for COVID-19 is not available. They are included in total number of First Nationspeople tested in BC.



First Nations COVID-19 Cases in or near Community*

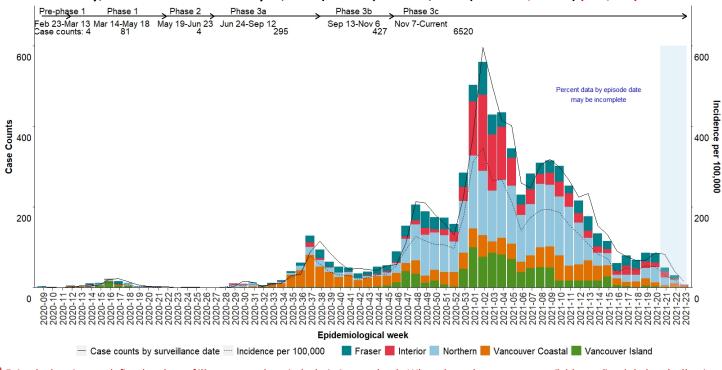
* In or near community a nalysis is not available for 1 active case. Total number of cases (n=7,331) includes 148 cases without information on LHA of residence and "In or Near Community" analysis.

Note: Analyses for in or near community includes lab confirmed cases and epi-linked cases with known geographical information. Other cases (including case tested outside of BC) are included in the cases by Health Authority. As of June 7, 2021, there were 20 active First Nations COVID-19 cases in or near community.



The cumulative percent positive for all COVID-19 test completed for First Nations in BC was 9.86% as of June 7, 2021. The rate of positive cases was 4,515.5 per 100,000 people among First Nations. The rate of positive case among other residents of BC was 2,817.9 per 100,000 people.

Epidemic curve for COVID-19 cases among BC First Nations by episode date (coloured bar),^a surveillance date (line) and health authority, British Columbia February 23, 2020 (Week-9) – June 2, 2021 (Week-23, 2021*) (n=7,331)^b



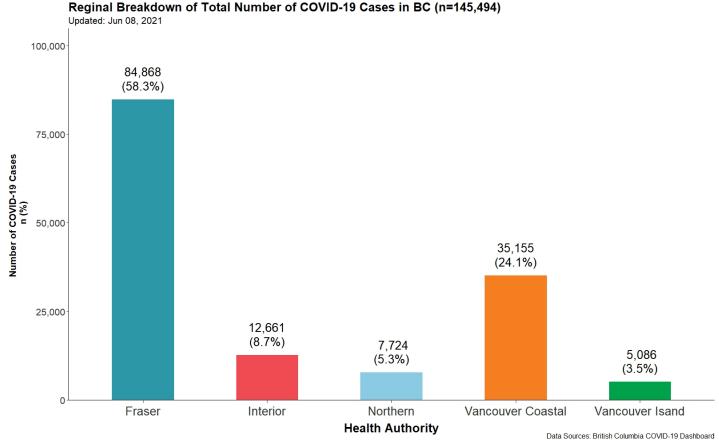
^a Episode date is now defined as date of illness onset, hospital admission, or death. When those dates are not available, earliest lab date (collection date or result date) is used, and if unavailable, surveillance date is used. Report date used previously is now replaced with surveillance date (laboratory result date); if unavailable, report date is used.

^b Data source: BCCDC's line list data received from RHAs (up to June 6, 2021) and PHSA's public health lab data (up to June 7, 2021). This

epidemiological curve represents the weekly cases reported among First Nations in BC. The proportion of cases within each region is colour coded and the case counts each day are represented by the solid black line. The incidence per 100,000 are represented by the dotted line. Regions are represented by following coloured bars in the diagram: Fraser – Dark blue, Interior – Red, Northern – Light Blue, Vancouver Coastal – Orange, and Vancouver Island – Green.

Provincial COVID-19 Cases – Updated as of: June 9, 2021 at 3 p.m.

- Since the start of the pandemic, there have been 145,843 confirmed cases in BC, and 1,725 deaths from COVID-19
- There are 1,975 active cases, 195 people are currently hospitalized and, of those, 47 people are in intensive care
- Of the total number of cases, 142,106 (97%) people have fully recovered



*Total number of cases (n=145,695) includes 201 cases reported as "Out of Canada" residents. Above figure provides regional distribution of COVID-19 cases (n=145,494) reported as BC residents.

Active Outbreaks (as of June 9, 2021)

- Long-term care/assisted living centres/independent living: 5 outbreaks
- Acute care units: 2 outbreaks

Vaccine Distribution

- As of June 7, 2021, more than 92,600 individuals 18+ years of age and more than 3,300 individuals ages 12-17 who are First Nations people (and some non-First Nations people living in or near First Nations communities) have received one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine. Of these individuals, more than 33,700 First Nations people 18+ years of age and more than 100 First Nations individuals 12-17 years old have received two doses. This includes vaccines administered in First Nations communities, as well as outside of communities by regional health authorities.
- As of June 7, 62.1% of all status and status-eligible First Nations people in BC age 18 and older have received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine
- As of June 9, a total of 3,749,758 doses of vaccine have been administered in BC, of which 390,264 are second doses.
 72.4% of eligible people in BC (12+) have received one dose.

A geographic distribution of COVID-19 by Local Health Area can be found <u>here</u>.

* A weekly update on Variants of Concern can be found here.

First Nations Community Statistics from Indigenous Services Canada (May 27, 2021):

Access Restrictions: 137 (-1) Band Offices Inaccessible: 86 (same) Security Checkpoints: 70 (-1) State of Local Emergency: 50 (same) EOC Activations: 111 (same)

FNHA Resources and Supports

Information for BC First Nations Individuals

Visit: https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/public to find out more including

- COVID-19 vaccine
- Self-isolation
- Testing and symptoms
- Medical support including Virtual Doctor of the Day Service
- Mental health and cultural supports

Information for Community Leaders

Visit: <u>https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/community-leaders</u> to find out more including

- COVID-19 vaccine
- Community situation reports
- Support and funding
- Health benefits

Resources for Health Professionals

Visit: <u>https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/health-professionals_</u>to find out more including

- COVID-19 Management
- COVID-19 Vaccine
- Infection Prevention & Control
- Nursing Practice

Latest News

- <u>COVID-19 Vaccines for Youth 12 to 17</u>. June 9, 2021
- <u>Vaccines and Vigilance Key to Putting the Pandemic behind Us</u>. June 2, 2021.
- COVID-19 Vaccinations Now Available to Youth Age 12 and Over. May 20, 2021
- Second-Dose Vaccination Clinics Are Rolling Out: Can We Return to "Normal" Soon? May 14, 2021.
- Pregnant Women Prioritized for the COVID-19 Vaccination. May 11, 2021.
- Joint Statement on Misleading COVID-19 Information. May 6, 2021.
- The Second COVID-19 Vaccine Dose: Why We All Need to Get It, and What to Expect. May 5, 2021.
- Vaccinated Mothers Can Transfer Antibodies to Their Babies to Protect Them from COVID-19. April 27, 2021.
- <u>BC Heightens Restrictions to Combat COVID-19 Spread</u>. April 21, 2021.
- Why We Must Keep Up Protective Measures Even after Getting Vaccinated. April 16, 2021.
- Indigenous People Are a High Priority to Receive COVID-19 Vaccinations. April 15, 2021.
- Draw on Culture, Community and Resilience to Stay Safe Against COVID-19 Variants and Rising Cases. April 12.
- BC First Nations Are a High Priority to Receive COVID-19 Vaccines. April 9, 2021.
- The Mental Health Pandemic within the COVID-19 Pandemic. April 8, 2021.
- <u>COVID-19 Vaccine Clinics Now Open to All Indigenous People 18+</u>. March 31, 2021.
- First Dose COVID-19 Vaccine Clinics Complete in All BC First Nations Communities. March 31, 2021.
- <u>COVID-19 Testing</u>. March 22, 2021.
- <u>COVID-19 Mental Health and Wellness</u>. March 22, 2021.

- The Best Vaccine for You Is the One Available to You Right Now. March 16, 2021.
- <u>Who Are You Getting the COVID-19 Vaccine for?</u> March 15, 2021.
- <u>Suicide: Responding and Keeping People Safe</u>. March 10, 2021.
- FNHA Podcast: Doctor Talks Vaccine Acceptance. March 10, 2021.
- Evolving Vaccination Plans Is Science in Action: Dr. Bonnie Henry. March 10, 2021.
- Questions about COVID-19 Virus Variants? Here Are Some Answers. March 3, 2021.
- VaxChamps Share Their Reasons for Getting COVID-19 Vaccines. March 2, 2021.
- <u>Why We Need to Follow Public Health Guidelines Even after Getting the COVID-19 Vaccine</u>. February 22, 2021.
- Dr. Nadine Caron on COVID-19 Vaccine Hesitancy. February 19, 2021.
- <u>BC First Nations Communities Accepting Vaccines with Open Arms, Rolled-Up Sleeves</u>. February 18, 2021.
- <u>COVID-19 Mental Health and Wellness</u>. February 18, 2021.

For more latest news visit https://www.fnha.ca/about/news-and-events

FNHA Response

Working with First Nations

The FNHA is working in partnership with First Nations communities to ensure communities' needs are met, including:

- Maintaining essential services to support First Nations communities during this pandemic.
- Providing COVID-19 funding resources and wrap around supports including for medical transportation, selfisolation and quarantine. See the <u>FNHA Community Support Guide</u> for more information. Support requests can be sent to <u>COVID19needs@fnha.ca</u>
- Supporting First Nations communities in refreshing their Pandemic Plans
- FNHA continues to maintain operations team availability to respond to COVID-19 support requests through the weekends during business hours.
- Launching virtual care services including First Nations Virtual Doctor of the Day and First Nations Virtual Substance Use and Psychiatry Service
- Site selection, training and deployment of Point of Care Testing for COVID-19 is underway.

Working with Partners

The FNHA is continuing to work with our provincial and federal partners towards aligning response efforts in support of First Nations communities and people living away from home across the province. This includes:

- Maintaining regular communication and updates with Regional Health Authorities, Emergency Management of BC, Ministry of Health, First Nations Leadership Council, and Indigenous Services Canada to proactively identify needs and address issues Supporting planning at both the provincial and regional level for the Rural, Remote and Indigenous Framework,
- FNHA is in discussions federally and provincially to support BC Restart including reopening of public buildings, and return to work and business operations for facilities where safe and appropriate.

Vaccinations

- The FNHA is working hard with our partners and First Nations communities to support vaccine distribution and planning and to prioritize available doses for First Nations communities
- Remote and isolated First Nations communities have been identified as a priority for vaccination with the first doses arriving December 29, 2020.

Personal Protective Equipment

- The FNHA continues to work with Federal and Provincial partners to obtain Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) for health care staff and first responders in all communities.
- First Nations communities requiring personal protective equipment during the COVID-19 emergency can send their requests to <u>COVID19needs@fnha.ca</u>.
- Additional details in the FNHA Guide: Accessing Personal Protective Equipment for First Nations Communities: <u>https://www.fnha.ca/Documents/FNHA-Accessing-Personal-Protective-Equipment-for-First-Nations-Communities.pdf</u>