

Health Emergency Management at FNHA



Emergency Management: Lessons Learned

A number of emergencies have occurred, most recently the wildfire state of emergency 2017. Some key lessons learned to date:

- Role clarity: Continuing to refine the role of FNHA based on community expectations and being clear about the accountabilities of other agencies
- Protocols: Refining protocols amongst all responding agencies and our communities to ensure better coordination and support
- Cultural Safety: Making our people visible in their own territories
- Recovery Planning: Working with agencies to support impacted communities short/mid/long term
- **Emergency Planning**: Enhancing FNHA's emergency response ability as an organization, and ensuring that this recognizes our ecosystem are effectively networked with emergency response on a regional basis and connected to your emergency response processes in community.

Emergency Management: What we've heard

Please refer to Fact Sheet #1- Emergency Management for First Nations communities



FNHDA AGM 2017



Current Mandate

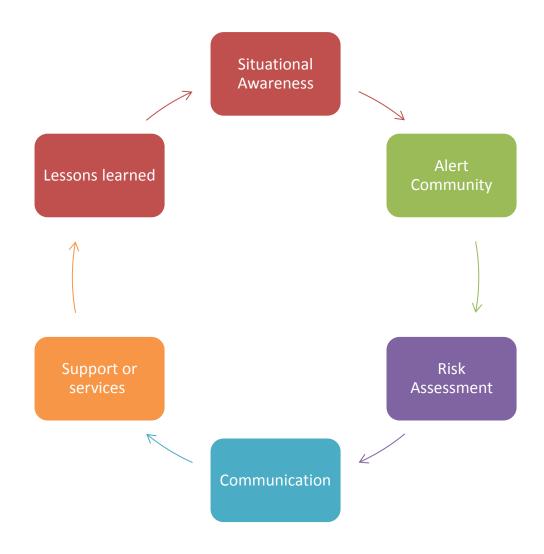
Support communities in planning, response and recovery from a health perspective, in collaboration with provincial and regional emergency and health partners.

How:

- Liaise with emergency management partners
- Participate in risk assessments with other agencies
- Promotion of public health and health protection measures
- Access national pandemic supplies
- Community crisis resources
- Organizational preparedness and coordination



During an emergency





Outside of Mandate

- Health Impact Assessment
- Human Health Risk Assessment
- Environmental Monitoring

What is the appropriate process to review and expand this mandate?



Questions & Discussion

