Pathways to Healing Partnership: Preventing Transmission of Intergenerational Trauma through Attachment

Jan Ference

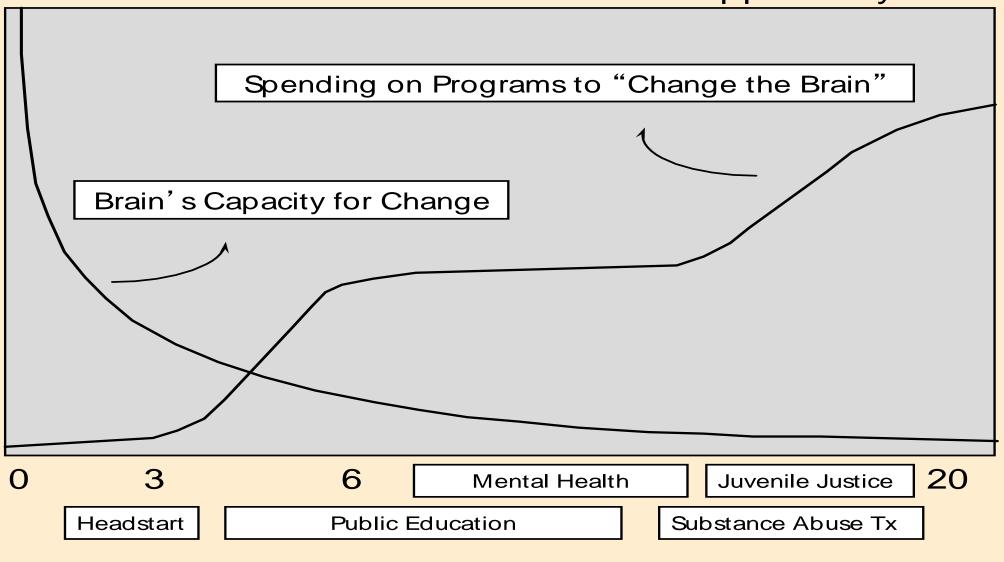
HOW WONDERFUL IT IS THAT WE NEED NOT WAIT A SINGLE MOMENT BEFORE STARTING TO CHANGE THE WORLD.

— ANNE FRANK

Pathways to Healing Partnership; Vancouver Island Demonstration Project

- Funded by the Children's Health Foundation of Vancouver Island, Island Health and MCFD
- Small caseload of complex families
- Grounded in Dr. Bruce Perry's Neurosequential Model of Therapeutics and Touchpoints
- Facilitate system change through the experiences of our clients
- Working intensely, sometimes daily, with each family, building a therapeutic web of care.
- Reduce stress, increase supports to expose caregiver strengths.
- Maintain and support healthy dyads.
- * Educate community partners who are supporting family.

Mismatch between Investment and Opportunity



Age

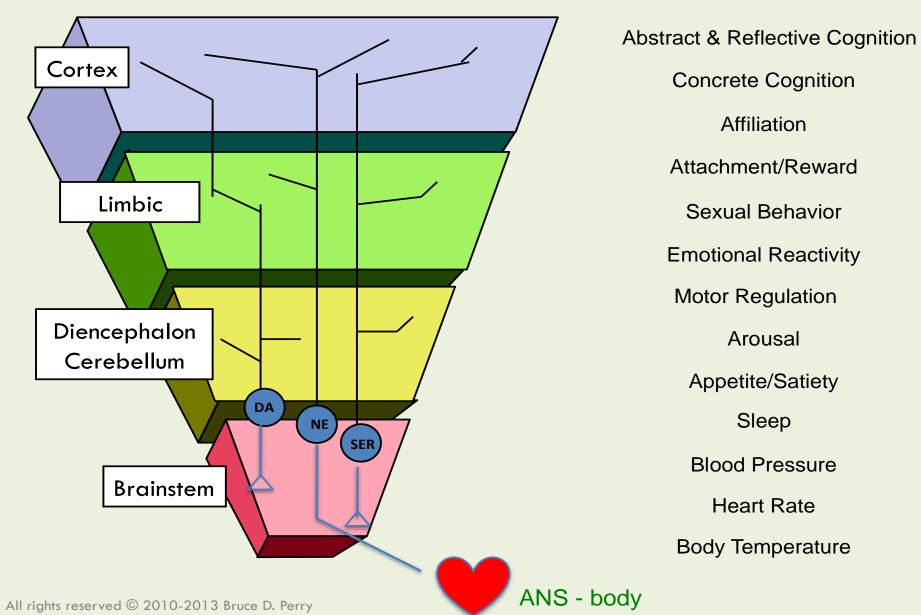
Six Months in a Life: The Relative Impact of Experience

Age (years)	Percent of Total Life	Proportional Rate of Change in Brain*	IMPACT FACTOR: Six Months
1 year	50	5000	250,000
3	16.6	1000	16,600
10	5	500	2500
40	1.2	50	60

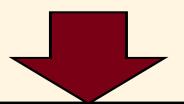
^{*} Estimated from rates of neuronal migration, neuronal differentiation, myelinization, synapse formation and modification as well as rates of acquisition of brain-mediated cognitive, social and emotional skills during life.

Impact Factor is a crude comparison of the proportional impact of six months of experience on the individual. Theoretically, then, six months in the life of a one-year-old child has a 4,166 fold-greater impact than six months in the life of a 40-year-old (250,000 compared to 60)!

Efferent Distribution of Primary Regulatory Networks







Ages	30 ← 15	15 ← 8	8 ← 3	3 ← 1	1 ← 0
		* /			
Developmental Stage	Adolescent	Adolescent Child	Child	Toddler	Infant
Primary secondary Brain Areas	NEOCORTEX Subcortex	SUBCORTEX	Lingic	MIDBRAIN Brainstern	BRAINSTEM Autonomic
Cognition	Abstract	Concrete	Emotional	Reactive	Reflexive
Mental State	CALM	ALERT	ALARM	FEAR	TERROR



States become Traits

Persisting or 'sensitizing' patterns of activation of the neurophysiology of threat "re-sets" homeostats

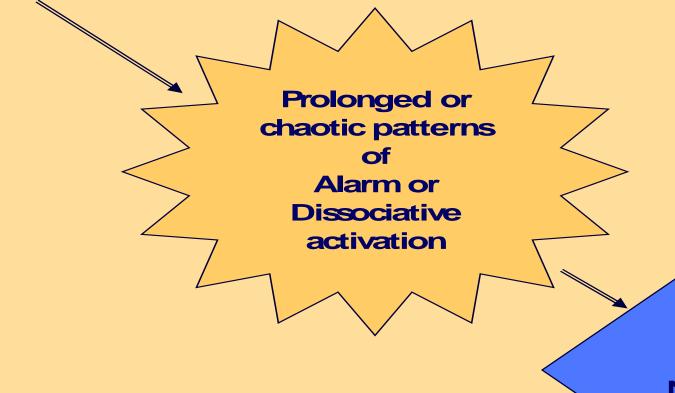
Persisting hyperarousal = altered noradrenergic systems (among others)

Persisting dissociation = altered vagal, opioid and dopaminergic systems (among others)

Perry, B.D., Pollard, R., Blakely, T., Baker, W., & Vigilante, D. (1995) Childhood trauma, the neurobiology of adaptation and 'use-dependent' development of the brain: How "states" become "traits". Infant Mental Health J, 16 (4): 271-291

Overwhelming Experiences





Altered Neural Networks

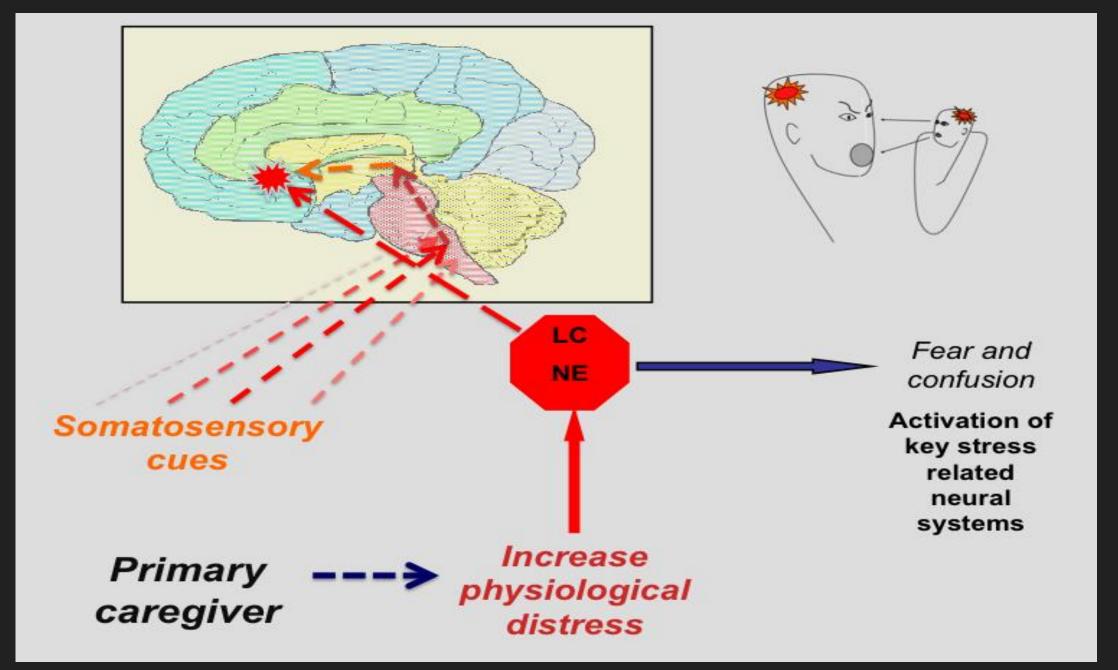


SPHERE OF CONCERN	WORLD	COMMUNITY	FAMILY	SELF	BODY INTEGRITY
Primary secondary Brain Areas	NEOCORTEX Subcortex	SUBCORTEX Limbic	LIMBIC <i>Midbrain</i>	MIDBRAIN <i>Brainstem</i>	BRAINSTEM Autonomic
Cognition	Abstract	Concrete	Emotional	Reactive	Reflexive
Mental State	CALM	ALERT	ALARM	FEAR	TERROR



Social- Environmental Pressures	Resource-surplus Predictable Stable/Safe	Resource-limited Unpredictable Novel	Resource-poor Inconsistent Threatening
Prevailing Cognitive Style	Abstract Creative	Concrete Superstitious	Reactive Regressive
Prevailing Affective 'Tone'	CALM	ANXIETY	TERROR
Systemic Solutions	INNOVATIVE	SIMPLISTIC	REACTIONARY
Focus of Solution	FUTURE	Immediate FUTURE	PRESENT
Rules, Regulations and Laws	Abstract Conceptual	Concrete Superstitious Intrusive	Restrictive Punitive
Childrearing/Staff Practices	Nurturing Flexible Enriching	Ambivalent Obsessive Controlling	Apathetic Oppressive Harsh

Perry, B.D. (2002) The neurodevelopmental impact of violence in childhood. In Textbook of Child and Adolescent Forensic Psychiatry, (Eds., D. Schetky and E.P. Benedek) American Psychiatric Press, Inc., Washington, D.C. pp. 191-203



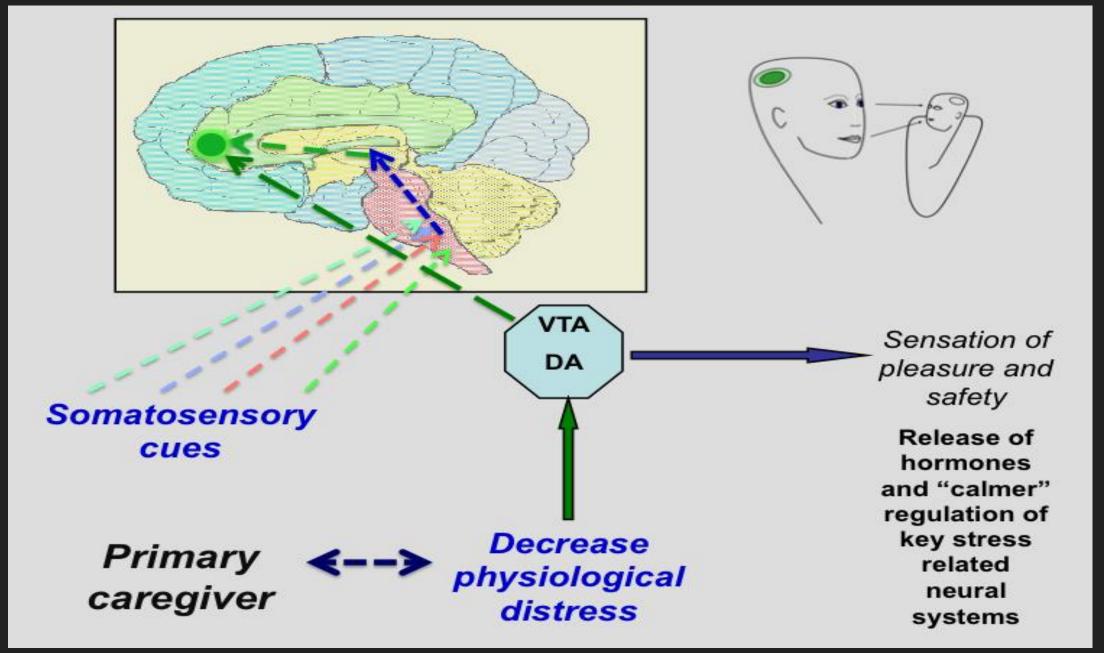
Neurobiology of reward

Stimulation of "Reward" Neural Systems in the Human Brain: Multiple Mediators Behavior Music, rhythm **Drugs of Abuse** consistent cocaine, opiates, stimulants with value or Sweet, belief system salty, fatty foods Sensation of pleasure and Positive NA safety Human DA Release of Interaction hormones and "calmer" regulation of stress Sex Cut, pick, pull response neural Decrease systems **EtOH** physiological distress



Bonding Behaviors Decrease when the Caregiver is Overwhelmed or in Distress

With increasing threat and distress, an individual's capacity to "give" to others is diminished.



I may be small but I feel it all...

