FIRST NATION HEALTH AUTHORITY
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Date Received: 20-AUG-14
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Version: FINAL

# Certificate of Analysis 

Lab Work Order \#: L1505289<br>Project P.O. \#:<br>Job Reference:<br>PENDING<br>FNHA FISH SAMPLING PROJECT<br>C of C Numbers:<br>10-370107<br>Legal Site Desc:



Can Dang
Senior Account Manager
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[^1]Qualifiers for Sample Submission Listed:

| Qualifier | Description |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| WSMT | Water sample(s) for total mercury analysis was not submitted in glass container with HCl preservative. Results may be biased <br> low. |  |  |  |
| QC Samples with Qualifiers \& Comments: |  |  |  |  |
| QC Type Description | Parameter | Qualifier | Applies to Sample Number(s) |  |
| Duplicate | Nitrite (as N) | DLM | L1505289-1 |  |
| Duplicate | Nitrate (as N) | DLM | L1505289-1 |  |
| Matrix Spike | Phosphorus (P)-Total | MS-B | L1505289-1 |  |
| Matrix Spike | Silicon (Si)-Total | MS-B | L1505289-1 |  |
| Matrix Spike |  | Total Organic Carbon | MS-B | L1505289-1 |

Qualifiers for Individual Parameters Listed:

| Qualifier | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| DLM | Detection Limit Adjusted due to sample matrix effects. |
| MS-B | Matrix Spike recovery could not be accurately calculated due to high analyte background in sample. |

## Test Method References:

| ALS Test Code | Matrix | Test Description | Method Reference** |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| ALK-COL-VA | Water | Alkalinity by Colourimetric (Automated) | EPA 310.2 |

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 310.2 "Alkalinity". Total A kalinity is determined using the methyl orange colourimetric method.
ANIONS-CL-IC-VA Water Chloride by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B .
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B. "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".
ANIONS-F-IC-VA Water Fluoride by lon Chromatography APHA 4110 B .

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B . "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by Ion Chromatography".
ANIONS-NO2-IC-VA Water Nitrite in Water by lon Chromatography EPA 300.0
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by lon Chromatography". Nitrite is detected by UV absorbance.
ANIONS-NO3-IC-VA Water Nitrate in Water by lon Chromatography EPA 300.0
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by lon Chromatography". Nitrate is detected by UV absorbance.
ANIONS-SO4-IC-VA Water Sulfate by Ion Chromatography APHA 4110 B.
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4110 B . "Ion Chromatography with Chemical Suppression of Eluent Conductivity" and EPA Method 300.0 "Determination of Inorganic Anions by lon Chromatography".
CARBONS-TOC-VA Water Total organic carbon by combustion APHA 5310 TOTAL ORGANIC CARBON (TOC)
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 5310 "Total Organic Carbon (TOC)".
COLOUR-TRUE-VA Water Colour (True) by Spectrometer BCMOE Colour Single Wavelength
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from British Columbia Environmental Manual "Colour- Single Wavelength." Colour (True Colour) is determined by filtering a sample through a 0.45 micron membrane filter followed by analysis of the filtrate using the platinum-cobalt colourimetric method. Aparent Colour is determined without prior sample filtration. Colour is pH dependent. Unless otherwise indicated, reported colour results pertain to the pH of the sample as received, to within $+/-1 \mathrm{pH}$ unit.
EC-PCT-VA Water Conductivity (Automated) APHA 2510 Auto. Conduc.
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2510 "Conductivity". Conductivity is determined using a conductivity electrode.
HARDNESS-CALC-VA Water Hardness APHA 2340B
Hardness (also known as Total Hardness) is calculated from the sum of Calcium and Magnesium concentrations, expressed in CaCO3 equivalents. Dissolved Calcium and Magnesium concentrations are preferentially used for the hardness calculation.
HG-TOT-CVAFS-VA Water Total Mercury in Water by CVAFS EPA 245.7
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedure involves a cold-oxidation of the acidified sample using bromine monochloride prior to reduction of the sample with stannous chloride. Instrumental analysis is by cold vapour atomic fluorescence spectrophotometry or atomic absorption spectrophotometry (EPA Method 245.7).

## MET-TOT-ICP-VA Water Total Metals in Water by ICPOES EPA SW-846 3005A/6010B

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using either hotblock or microwave oven (EPA Method 3005A). Instrumental analysis is by inductively coupled plasma - optical emission spectrophotometry (EPA Method 6010B).
MET-TOT-LOW-MS-VA Water Total Metals in Water by ICPMS(Low) EPA SW-846 3005A/6020A
This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from "Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater" published by the American Public Health Association, and with procedures adapted from "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste" SW-846 published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The procedures may involve preliminary sample treatment by acid digestion, using either hotblock or microwave oven, or filtration (EPA Method 3005A). Instrumental analysis is by inductively coupled plasma - mass spectrometry (EPA Method 6020A).
P-T-PRES-COL-VA
Water Total P in Water by Colour
APHA 4500-P Phosphorus

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 4500-P "Phosphorus". Total Phosphorus is determined colourimetrically after persulphate digestion of the sample.
PH-PCT-VA
Water
pH by Meter (Automated)
APHA 4500-H "pH Value"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method $4500-\mathrm{H}$ " pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.
PH-PCT-VA Water $\quad$ PH by Meter (Automated) APHA 4500-H pH Value

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method $4500-\mathrm{H}$ " pH Value". The pH is determined in the laboratory using a pH electrode

It is recommended that this analysis be conducted in the field.
TDS-VA Water Total Dissolved Solids by Gravimetric APHA 2540 C - GRAVIMETRIC

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fibre filter, TDS is determined by evaporating the filtrate to dryness at 180 degrees celsius.
TSS-VA Water Total Suspended Solids by Gravimetric APHA 2540 D - GRAVIMETRIC

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2540 "Solids". Solids are determined gravimetrically. Total Suspended Solids (TSS) are determined by filtering a sample through a glass fbre filter, TSS is determined by drying the filter at 104 degrees celsius.
TURBIDITY-VA Water Turbidity by Meter APHA 2130 "Turbidity"

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.
TURBIDITY-VA Water Turbidity by Meter APHA 2130 Turbidity

This analysis is carried out using procedures adapted from APHA Method 2130 "Turbidity". Turbidity is determined by the nephelometric method.
** ALS test methods may incorporate modifications from specified reference methods to improve performance.
The last two letters of the above test code(s) indicate the laboratory that performed analytical analysis for that test. Refer to the list below:

| Laboratory Definition Code | Laboratory Location |
| :--- | :--- |
| VA | ALS ENVIRONMENTAL - VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, CANADA |

Chain of Custody Numbers:
10-370107

## Reference Information

## GLOSSARY OF REPORT TERMS

Surrogate - A compound that is similar in behaviour to target analyte(s), but that does not occur naturally in environmental samples. For applicable tests, surrogates are added to samples prior to analysis as a check on recovery.
$\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ - milligrams per kilogram based on dry weight of sample.
$\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$ wwt - milligrams per kilogram based on wet weight of sample.
$\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{wt}$ - milligrams per kilogram based on lipid-adjusted weight of sample.
$m g / L$ - milligrams per litre.
<-Less than.
D.L. - The reported Detection Limit, also known as the Limit of Reporting (LOR).

N/A - Result not available. Refer to qualifier code and definition for explanation.
Test results reported relate only to the samples as received by the laboratory.
UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED, ALL SAMPLES WERE RECEIVED IN ACCEPTABLE CONDITION.
Analytical results in unsigned test reports with the DRAFT watermark are subject to change, pending final QC review.

Chain of Custody / Analytical Request Form Canada Toll Free: 18006689878



[^0]:    * Please refer to the Reference Information section for an explanation of any qualifiers detected.

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