Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) 
COMMUNITY SITUATION REPORT 
FNHA Public Health Response 

November 22, 2021 

Changes from the previous Community Situation Report are in red.

COVID-19 Updates

First Nations Cases in BC – As of November 17, 2021

- There have been a total of 13,776 First Nations COVID-19 cases (13,536 lab diagnosed cases and 240 epi-linked cases). This is an increase of 337 cases among First Nations people in BC since the last published report.
- Out of the 13,776 cases, 5,890 (42.8%) are in or near community; 7,494 (54.4%) are off reserve. Information on in or near community/off reserve is not available for 392 (2.8%) cases.
- There are total 350 active First Nations COVID-19 cases in British Columbia. There are 180 active COVID-19 cases residing in or near community.
- Sadly, there have been a total of 207 COVID-19 related deaths reported among First Nations living in BC since the beginning of the pandemic. Eleven additional deaths are reported since the last published report.
- There have been a total of 1,428 (10.4%) First Nations people hospitalized due to COVID-19 since March 1, 2020. Of these, 623 hospitalizations are individuals who live in or near community and 798 off reserve. Information on in or near community/off reserve is not available for 7 cases.

*Total number of cases (n=13,776) includes one (1) case reported as "Out of Canada" resident, twenty-three (23) cases reported as "Out of BC – Alberta" residents, two (2) case reported as "Out Of BC – Ontario", one (1) case reported as "Out Of BC – Quebec", one (1) case reported as "Out Of Canada - Country other", and five (5) cases reported as "Out of BC – Saskatchewan" resident. Above figure provides regional distribution of COVID-19 cases (n=13,743) reported as BC residents.
### Regional Active cases and Testing data as of November 17, 2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Active First Nations COVID-19 cases</th>
<th>Fraser Salish</th>
<th>Interior</th>
<th>Northern</th>
<th>Vancouver Coastal</th>
<th>Vancouver Island</th>
<th>Total N (%)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total persons tested b</td>
<td>12,620</td>
<td>13,465</td>
<td>15,501</td>
<td>10,938</td>
<td>11,887</td>
<td>64,437</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative percentage positivity (%)</td>
<td>8.2%</td>
<td>11.7%</td>
<td>20.2%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>9.9%</td>
<td>12.1%</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Feb, 2020 to November 17, 2021)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Percentage positivity (%) over the past week</td>
<td>5.8%</td>
<td>11.3%</td>
<td>29.4%</td>
<td>12.2%</td>
<td>22.3%</td>
<td>16.1%</td>
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<tr>
<td>(November 11 to November 17, 2021)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Testing rate (total tests per 100,000 First Nations people)</td>
<td>99,241.6</td>
<td>71,372.6</td>
<td>60,861.6</td>
<td>93,236.7</td>
<td>53,135.3</td>
<td>71,927.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

a Algorithm to define people who are removed from isolation is updated on February 5, 2021, to reflect change adopted by PHSA. Updated algorithm assigns cases who are lost to follow up and whose surveillance date (reported date and if not available then result date) >= 20 days before the line list case dataset date to “removed from isolation.”

b Geographical Information (RHAs) for 27 BC First Nations people who are tested for COVID-19 is not available. They are included in total number of First Nations people tested in BC.

### First Nations COVID-19 Cases in British Columbia
November 17, 2021 (n = 13,776)

- **In or Near Community**
  - **Active Cases**: 5,890 (42.8%)
  - **Removal from Isolation**: 5,710
  - **Place of Residence**: n=180
- **Off-Reserve**
  - **Active Cases**: 7,494 (54.4%)
  - **Removal from Isolation**: 7,351
  - **Place of Residence**: n=143

*Total number of cases (n=13,776) includes 392 cases without information on LHA of residence and “In or Near Community” analysis. Information about in or near community analysis is not available for twenty-seven (27) active cases.*

**Note:** Analyses for in or near community includes lab confirmed cases and epi-linked cases with known geographical information. Other cases (including cases tested outside of BC) are included in the cases by Health Authority. **As of November 17, 2021, there were 180 active First Nations COVID-19 cases in or near community.**
There is an increase in the proportion of COVID-19 cases <12 years of age, and to a lesser degree 18-39 years of age, reported between August 1 to November 17, 2021 compared to the proportion of cases reported between January 15 to July 31, 2021.

The cumulative percent positive for all COVID-19 test completed for First Nations in BC was 12.12% as of November 17, 2021. The rate of positive cases was 8,485.2 per 100,000 people among First Nations. The rate of positive cases among other residents of BC was 4,080.8 per 100,000 people.

Epidemic curve for COVID-19 cases among BC First Nations by episode date (coloured bar), surveillance date (line) and health authority, British Columbia February 23, 2020 (Week-9) – November 17, 2021 (Week-46, 2021*) (n=13,776)
Episode date is now defined as date of illness onset, hospital admission, or death. When those dates are not available, earliest lab date (collection date or result date) is used, and if unavailable, surveillance date is used. Report date used previously is now replaced with surveillance date (laboratory result date); if unavailable, report date is used.

Data source: BCCDC’s line list data received from RHAs and PHSA’s public health lab data (up to November 17, 2021). This epidemiological curve represents the weekly cases reported among First Nations in BC. The proportion of cases within each region is color coded and the case counts each day are represented by the solid black line. The incidence per 100,000 are represented by the dotted line. Regions are represented in the diagram as: Fraser – Dark blue, Interior – Red, Northern – Light Blue, Vancouver Coastal – Orange, and Vancouver Island – Green.

First Nations COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage, by Health Authority
Doses 1 and 2 (PHSA e-form, PIR, dose 1=109,080, dose 2=97,401) 12+ years, up to November 17, 2021

* HA information was not available for 1,421 clients for dose 1, 916 clients for dose 2.
** These analyses were only possible for Status and Status eligible First Nations, and do not include non-status First Nations.
Note: Although not shown, there are 7,623 clients for dose 3.
First Nations COVID-19 Vaccination Coverage, by Age Group  
Doses 1 and 2 (PHSA e-form, PIR, dose 1= 110,008, dose 2= 98,042), 12+ years, up to November 17, 2021

* Age group information was not available for 493 clients for dose 1 and 275 clients for dose 2  
** These analyses were only possible for Status and Status-eligible First Nations, and do not include non-status First Nations  
Note: Although not shown, there are 7,623 clients for dose 3.

Vaccine Distribution
- As of November 17, 2021, more than 117,000 individuals 18+ years of age and more than 11,400 individuals aged 12-17 years who are First Nations people (and some non-First Nations people living in or near First Nations communities) have received one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine. Of these individuals, more than 102,900 First Nations people 18+ years of age and more than 9,500 First Nations individuals 12-17 years old have received two doses. Of these individuals, more than 8100 First Nations people 18+ years of age and 25 First Nations individuals 12-17 years old have received third doses. This includes vaccines administered in First Nations communities, as well as outside of communities by regional health authorities.  
- As of November 17, 81.3% of 18 and older, and 80.3% of 12 and older, status and status-eligible First Nations people in BC have received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine.  
- As of November 18, 90.8% (4,207,832) of eligible people 12 and older in BC have received their first dose of COVID-19 vaccine and 87% (4,030,851) have received their second dose.

Provincial COVID-19 Cases – Updated as of November 19, 2021, 4:35 p.m.  
- Since the start of the pandemic, there have been 214,636 confirmed cases in BC, and 2,293 deaths from COVID-19  
- There are 3,420 active cases, 358 people are currently hospitalized and, of those, 109 people are in intensive care  
- Of the total number of cases, 208,702 (97.2%) people have fully recovered
Reginal Breakdown of Total Number of COVID-19 Cases in BC (n=213,850)

Updated: Nov 18, 2021

*Total number of cases (n=214,150) include 300 cases reported as “Out of Canada” residents. Above figure provides regional distribution of COVID-19 cases (n=213,850) reported as BC residents.

Active Outbreaks (as of November 19, 2021)
• Long-term care/assisted living centres/independent living: 16 outbreaks
• Acute care units: 5 outbreaks

* A geographic distribution of COVID-19 by Local Health Area can be found [here](#).
* A weekly update on Variants of Concern can be found [here](#).

First Nations Community Statistics from Indigenous Services Canada (November 10, 2021):
Access Restrictions: 128 (same)  
Band Offices Inaccessible: 83 (same)  
Security Checkpoints: 66 (same)  
State of Local Emergency: 45 (same)  
EOC Activations: 119 (same)

**FNHA Resources and Supports**

**Information for BC First Nations Individuals**
Visit: [https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/public](https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/public) to find out more including
• COVID-19 vaccine
• Self-isolation
• Testing and symptoms
• Medical support including Virtual Doctor of the Day Service
• Mental health and cultural supports

**Information for Community Leaders**
Visit: [https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/community-leaders](https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/community-leaders) to find out more including
• COVID-19 vaccine
• Community situation reports
• Support and funding
• Health benefits
Resources for Health Professionals
Visit: https://www.fnha.ca/what-we-do/communicable-disease-control/coronavirus/health-professionals to find out more including

- COVID-19 Management
- COVID-19 Vaccine
- Infection Prevention & Control
- Nursing Practice

Latest News

- COVID-19 Vaccines Approved For Children 5 – 11 – What You Should Know Nov. 19, 2021
- Kiefer Collison Partnership with FNHA Expands into November VaxChamp Contest Nov. 3, 2021
- BC Launches COVID-19 Vaccine Booster Program Nov. 2, 2021
- Canadian COVID-19 Proof of Vaccination – Travelling for Medical Appointments Oct. 29, 2021
- Tl’azt’en Man Urges Indigenous People to Get Vaccinated after Loss of Family Member October 20, 2021.
- COVID-19 Risk versus the Vaccine’s Side Effects – There’s No Comparison! October 20, 2021.
- Proof of Vaccination Now Required for Visitors of Long-Term Care Facilities October 13, 2021.
- Going Back to School during the Pandemic: Keeping Your Children Safe September 9, 2021.
- Everything You Need to Know about BC COVID-19 Vaccine Card September 8, 2021.
- Two Doses Are the Number One Way to Beat COVID-19 June 24, 2021
- COVID-19 Vaccines for Youth 12 to 17 June 9, 2021
- Vaccines and Vigilance Key to Putting the Pandemic behind Us June 2, 2021.
- Vaccinated Mothers Can Transfer Antibodies to Their Babies to Protect Them from COVID-19 April 27, 2021.
- Draw on Culture, Community and Resilience to Stay Safe Against COVID-19 Variants and Rising Cases April 12.
- The Mental Health Pandemic within the COVID-19 Pandemic April 8, 2021.
- Suicide: Responding and Keeping People Safe March 10, 2021.

For more latest news visit https://www.fnha.ca/about/news-and-events
Working with First Nations
The FNHA is working in partnership with First Nations communities to ensure communities’ needs are met, including:

- Maintaining essential services to support First Nations communities during this pandemic
- Providing COVID-19 funding resources and wrap around supports including for medical transportation, self-isolation and quarantine; see the FNHA Community Support Guide for more information; support requests can be sent to COVID19needs@fnha.ca
- Supporting First Nations communities in refreshing their Communicable Disease Emergencies Plans
- FNHA continues to maintain operational availability to respond to COVID-19 support requests over the weekends and during public holidays; at those times, Health Benefits isolation accommodation support and regional on-call support is available
- Launching virtual care services including First Nations Virtual Doctor of the Day and First Nations Virtual Substance Use and Psychiatry Service
- Site selection, training and deployment of Point of Care Testing for COVID-19 is underway

Working with Partners
The FNHA is continuing to work with our provincial and federal partners towards aligning response efforts in support of First Nations communities and people living away from home across the province. This includes:

- Maintaining regular communication and updates with Regional Health Authorities, Emergency Management of BC, Ministry of Health, First Nations Leadership Council, and Indigenous Services Canada to proactively identify needs and address issues Supporting planning at both the provincial and regional level for the Rural, Remote and Indigenous Framework
- FNHA is in discussions federally and provincially to support BC Restart including reopening of public buildings, and return to work and business operations for facilities where safe and appropriate

Vaccinations
- The FNHA has worked closely with First Nations communities and other health partners to support vaccine distribution and planning and to prioritize available doses for all communities
- As of March 31, all First Nations adults living on all 203 reserves in BC had access to a first dose of vaccine (Moderna or Pfizer), based on a “whole community” approach
- Second dose clinics in First Nations communities are also now completed; however, FNHA continues to support communities’ vaccination clinics, as needed, and is working to supply vaccine doses to local health units so that communities can order them as part of their established ordering pathways

Personal Protective Equipment
- The FNHA continues to work with federal and provincial partners to obtain personal protective equipment (PPE) for health care staff and first responders in all communities
- First Nations communities requiring personal protective equipment during the COVID-19 emergency can send their requests to COVID19needs@fnha.ca