

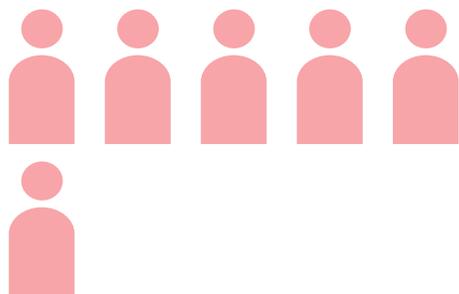
TOXIC DRUG POISONING DEATHS AND EVENTS INTERIOR REGION

JANUARY - DECEMBER 2021



TOXIC DRUG POISONING DEATHS

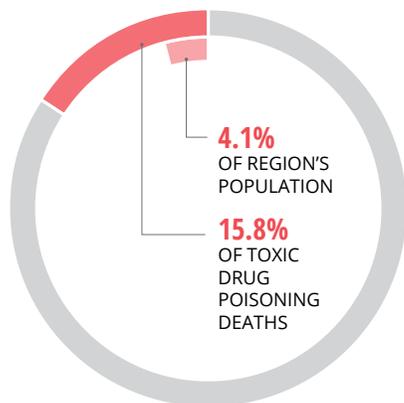
NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO DIED
OF TOXIC DRUG POISONING



55

 EQUALS
10 DEATHS

FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE ARE
DISPROPORTIONATELY REPRESENTED
IN TOXIC DRUG POISONING DEATHS



TOXIC DRUG POISONING EVENTS

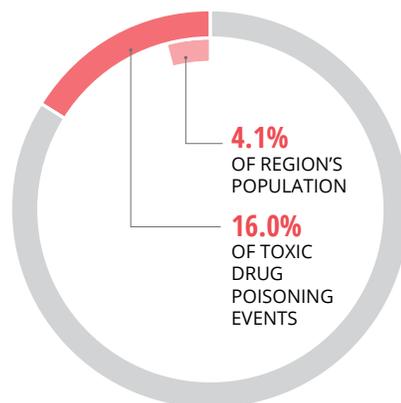
NUMBER OF
TOXIC DRUG
POISONING
EVENTS ATTENDED
BY PARAMEDICS

457

11.5↑

PERCENTAGE
CHANGE COMPARED
TO 2020

FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE ARE
DISPROPORTIONATELY REPRESENTED
IN TOXIC DRUG POISONING EVENTS



PERCENTAGE OF EVENTS BY SEX



NOTES ABOUT TOXIC DRUG POISONING EVENTS:

- Most toxic drug poisoning *events* are non-fatal and represent instances where paramedics were called and responded to an overdose, whereas toxic drug poisoning *deaths* represent people who overdosed and died.
- The negative impacts of single or repeated toxic drug poisoning events on an individual can include: heart conditions, liver and kidney problems, brain damage, decrease in mental health, disconnection from support networks, and loss of spiritual and/or cultural connections.
Source: www.drugabuse.gov/drug-topics/health-consequences-drug-misuse/introduction
- The data used to calculate the percentage of toxic drug poisoning events experienced by First Nations people is based only on health records where a Personal Health Number (PHN) was available. The number of First Nations toxic drug poisoning events attended by paramedics and the percentage increase in First Nations people experiencing events are likely underestimated due to the limited availability of PHNs in the data. Unfortunately, not all toxic drug poisoning events have a PHN associated with them.
- Toxic drug poisoning events that were treated successfully in community and events where 9-1-1 was not called are not captured in this data.



First Nations Health Authority
Health through wellness

The FNHA gratefully acknowledges the health partners that make this data available:
BC Centre for Disease Control, BC Coroners Service, BC Emergency Health Services, and the BC Ministry of Health.

You may find this information distressing. Cultural support is available at Tsow Tun Le Lum Society.
Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org

RESPONDING TO AND HEALING FROM TOXIC DRUG SUPPLY POISONING

A MESSAGE FOR YOU

"In the face of these immeasurable losses, we need to build hope ... hope that we can turn things around and save lives. But how? By reflecting on how we talk and think about people who use substances – and how we treat them. Let's decide to have those difficult conversations with the people we care about, with people who are using substances."

Dr. Nel Wieman
Deputy Chief Medical Officer
FNHA

ACTIONS THE FNHA IS TAKING TO SAVE LIVES AND SUPPORT HEALING IN 2022

Programs and initiatives the FNHA is currently providing or developing that will positively and directly impact Indigenous people in BC in 2022:

- An Indigenous harm reduction portal, created in partnership with Indigenous peers, will provide resources and supports.
- Community events funded through the Indigenous harm reduction grants will assist in bringing supports and services closer to home.
- The Courageous Conversations toolkit will support communities in fostering ongoing community conversations and support healing.
- The Sharing-from-the-Heart Circle is a safe virtual space where people who have lost loved ones can share hardships and heal.
- A digital story-sharing platform will connect people to share stories about the loved ones they've lost and help people find a community of support.
- A draft structure for an Emergency Operation Center (EOC) in Interior Region designed to respond to the increasingly toxic drug supply and support the four regional hotspots.
- Funding to support the implementation of peer engagement and intensive case management interventions within the Nations in the Interior Region.
- Advocacy for youth/adult emergency withdrawal management and recovery beds within the Interior Region.

WELLNESS & CULTURAL SUPPORTS IN INTERIOR REGION

Mental Health & Wellness

Crisis Requests

1-833-751-2525

IRsupports@fnha.ca

Indigenous Educator, Harm Reduction

Tonya.Robitaille@fnha.ca

Indigenous Educator, Harm Reduction

Alice.George@fnha.ca

Emotional and Cultural Support is available:

KUU-US Crisis Service

Call 1-800-KUU-US17 (588-8717) for an immediate response. 24-hours a day, seven days a week.

Tsow Tun Le Lum Society

1-888-403-3123 (toll-free)

www.tsowtunlelum.org

Indian Residential School Crisis

Line is a national service for anyone experiencing pain or distress as a result of their residential school experience. Toll-free 1-866-925-4419.

Métis Crisis Line is a service of Métis Nation British Columbia. Call 1-833-MétisBC (1-833-638-4722).

Hope for Wellness Help Line offers immediate mental health counselling and crisis intervention by phone or online chat. Call toll-free 1-855-242-3310 or start a confidential chat with a counsellor at hopeforwellness.ca