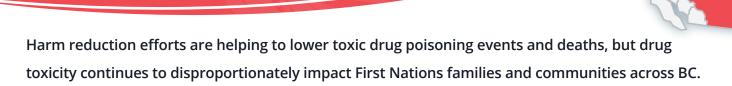
FIRST NATIONS AND THE TOXIC DRUG POISONING CRISIS IN BC

INTERIOR | JANUARY - DECEMBER 2024



The data presented here is specific to the Interior Region.

Toxic Drug Poisoning Deaths Of First Nations People

68

9.7% Increase from 2023

FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE DIED FROM TOXIC DRUG POISONINGS IN 2024.

This is a 9.7% increase from the 62 deaths in 2023.

Rate of Toxic Drug Poisoning Deaths Involving First Nations People

4.0x

First Nations people experienced a death rate 4.0x higher than other residents of the region in 2024.

Deaths of First Nations People BY SEX Deaths of First Nations People BY AGE First Nations People are Disproportionately Represented in Toxic Drug Poisoning Deaths



39.7% Female



64.7% Younger than 40



First Nations people make up 4.5% of the region's population.



17.3% of toxic drug poisoning deaths in 2024 were First Nations people.



This data includes only Status First
Nations people and their status-eligible
descendants. Additionally, our data is
limited to biological sex at birth, which may
misidentify two-spirit, transgender, nonbinary, intersex, and gender diverse people.
Surveillance data is dynamic and subject to
change with new information and historical
corrections

The FNHA gratefully acknowledges the health partners that make this data available: BC Centre for Disease Control, BC Coroners Service, BC Emergency Health Services, and the BC Ministry of Health.

You may find this information distressing. Cultural support is available at Tsow Tun Le Lum Society. Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org **Toxic Drug Poisoning Events Involving First Nations People**

569



TOXIC DRUG POISONING EVENTS EXPERIENCED BY FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE IN 2024.

This is a 0.2% increase from the 568 events experienced in 2023.

Events of First Nations People BY SEX

64.9% Male

35.1% Female

Events of First Nations People BY AGE

32.2%40 Years and Older

67.8% Younger than 40

Rate of Toxic Drug Poisoning Events Involving First Nations People

6.2 x

First Nations people experienced an event rate 6.2x higher than other residents of the region in 2024.

First Nations People are Disproportionately Represented in Toxic Drug Poisoning Events

4.5%

First Nations people make up 4.5% of the region's population.

21.6%

21.6% of toxic drug poisoning events in 2024 were First Nations people.

NOTES

- Most toxic drug poisoning events are non-fatal and represent instances where paramedics were called and responded to a poisoning. Events that were treated successfully in community and events where 9-1-1 was not called are not captured in this data
- Event data is only collected for people with documented BC Personal Health Numbers (PHNs), and is therefore likely an underestimate, due to missing PHNs for some events

REGIONAL WELLNESS AND CULTURAL SUPPORTS

Interior Region Community-Based Crisis Support – Call 1833-751-2525 (M-F 8am-4pm) or visit IRSupport@fnha.ca

Tsow Tun Le Lum Society – Call 1-888-403-3123 (toll-free) or visit www.tsowtunlelum.org

Indian Residential School Crisis Line is a national service for anyone experiencing pain or distress as a result of their residential school experience. Call toll-free 1-866-925-4419. KUU-US Crisis Service – Call 1-800-KUU-US17 (588-8717) for an immediate response. 24-hours a day, seven days a week.

Hope for Wellness Help Line offers immediate mental health counselling and crisis intervention by phone or onlin

intervention by phone or online chat. Call toll-free 1-855-242-3310 or start a confidential chat with a counsellor at www. hopeforwellness.ca

Drug Alerts - Text JOIN to ALERTS (253787)

Regional contact email IRSupports@fnha.ca

Regional FNHA staff

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